

Mineral Industry Surveys

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LEAD IN FEBRUARY 2019

Domestic mine production (recoverable) of lead in February was 19,800 metric tons (t). Average daily mine production in February was 706 t, 4% less than that in the previous month and 11% more than that in February 2018. Total secondary refined lead production in February was 94,500 t, essentially unchanged from that in the previous month and 3% more than that in February 2018 (fig. 1; tables 1, 2).

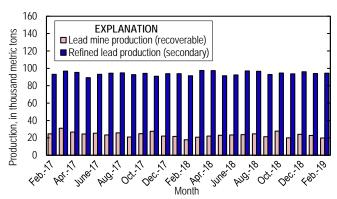


Figure 1. U.S. production of lead from February 2017 through February 2019. Source: U.S. Geological Survey.

The United States is a significant exporter of lead concentrates. U.S. exports of lead in ores and concentrates for the year through February were 26,300 t, slightly more than that those for the same period in 2018. Leading destinations were Mexico (31%), Italy (28%), Netherlands (15%), and China (14%) (table 8).

Prices and Stocks

The average London Metal Exchange, Ltd. (LME) cash price for lead in February was \$0.94 per pound, 3% more than that in the previous month and 20% less than that in February 2018 (table 3).

The Platts Metals Week average North American Market price for lead in February 2019 was \$1.03 per pound, 3% more than that in the previous month and 19% less than that in

February 2018. The North American premium to the LME cash price in February 2019 averaged about 9.28 cents per pound, essentially unchanged from that in January 2019 and slightly less than that in February 2018 (fig. 2, table 3).

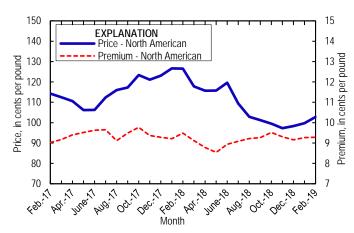


Figure 2. Average monthly North American price and premium for refined lead metal from February 2017 through February 2019. Source: Platts Metals Week.

The Platts average U.S. used lead-acid batteries (Midwest) price in February 2019 was 29.9 cents per pound, 3% less than that in January and 32% less than that in February 2018 (table 3). Most secondary lead is recovered from used lead-acid batteries.

Global LME lead stocks at the end of February 2019 were 76,875 t, which were 6% more than those at the end of January 2019 and 39% less than those at the end of February 2018 (table 11).

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https://www.usgs.gov/centers/nmic/minerals-informationpublication-list-services.

 $\label{eq:table 1} \textbf{TABLE 1} \\ \textbf{SALIENT LEAD STATISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES}^1 \\$

(Metric tons, lead content, unless otherwise specified)

| | 20: | 18 ² | | 2019 | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| | January- | January- | | | January- | |
| | December | February | January | February | February | |
| Production: | | | | | | |
| Mine (recoverable) | 271,000 | 40,000 | 22,800 r | 19,800 | 42,600 | |
| Secondary refinery, reported by smelters/refineries | 1,140,000 | 187,000 | 94,100 | 94,500 | 189,000 | |
| Consumption of refined lead, apparent ^{e, 3} | 1,630,000 | 286,000 | 139,000 | 130,000 | 269,000 | |
| Imports for consumption: | | | | | | |
| Ore and concentrate | | | | | | |
| Bullion | 789 | | | 75 | 75 | |
| Unwrought | 563,000 | 101,000 | 54,000 | 37,200 | 91,200 | |
| Exports: | | | | | _ | |
| Ore and concentrate | 251,000 | 26,000 | 16,300 | 10,000 | 26,300 | |
| Bullion (gross weight) | 2,060 | 441 | 34 | | 34 | |
| Unwrought (gross weight) | 67,200 | 2,270 | 9,490 | 1,380 | 10,900 | |
| Platts Metals Week North American Market | | | | | | |
| price (cents per pound) | 110.89 | 126.59 | 99.70 | 102.78 | 101.24 | |

^eEstimated. ^rRevised. -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits, except prices; may not add to totals shown.

²May include revisions to previously published data.

³Smelter production plus imports for consumption minus domestic exports.

$\label{eq:table 2} \begin{array}{c} \text{TABLE 2} \\ \text{MINE AND SECONDARY REFINERY PRODUCTION OF LEAD} \\ \text{IN THE UNITED STATES}^1 \end{array}$

(Metric tons)

| | Mine | ; | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | Lead | | Secondary |
| Period | in concentrate | Recoverable | refinerye |
| 2018: | | | |
| February | 17,900 | 17,900 | 91,500 |
| March | 21,200 | 20,700 | 97,500 |
| April | 22,800 | 22,200 | 97,300 |
| May | 23,600 | 23,000 | 91,400 |
| June | 24,000 | 23,400 | 92,400 |
| July | 24,300 | 23,700 | 97,000 |
| August | 25,300 | 24,600 | 96,600 |
| September | 23,300 | 21,300 | 92,900 |
| October | 28,500 | 27,700 | 94,600 |
| November | 20,600 | 20,100 | 93,600 |
| December | 24,700 | 24,000 | 96,000 |
| January-December | 280,000 | 271,000 | 1,140,000 |
| January | 23,500 | 22,800 ^r | 94,100 |
| February | 20,300 | 19,800 | 94,500 |
| January–February | 43,800 | 42,600 | 189,000 |

^eEstimated. ^rRevised.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

TABLE 3 MONTHLY AVERAGE LEAD PRICES

| | North | London Metal Exchange | | Used lead-acid |
|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------------|
| | American Market ¹ | cash | | batteries ² |
| | ¢/lb | ¢/lb | \$/t | ¢/lb |
| 2018: | | | | |
| February | 126.53 | 117.04 | 2,580.29 | 43.88 |
| March | 117.82 | 108.70 | 2,396.45 | 43.50 |
| April | 115.69 | 106.91 | 2,356.95 | 43.25 |
| May | 115.75 | 107.20 | 2,363.44 | 44.25 |
| June | 119.63 | 110.68 | 2,440.14 | 43.19 |
| July | 109.44 | 100.35 | 2,212.39 | 41.60 |
| August | 102.85 | 93.64 | 2,064.34 | 37.03 |
| September | 101.25 | 91.98 | 2,027.78 | 34.38 |
| October | 99.53 | 90.02 | 1,984.58 | 33.00 |
| November | 97.29 | 87.98 | 1,939.65 | 31.25 |
| December | 98.29 | 89.13 | 1,965.07 | 30.63 |
| January-December | 110.89 | 101.76 | 2,243.35 | 39.10 |
| 2019: | - <u> </u> | | | |
| January | 99.70 | 90.43 | 1,993.73 | 30.95 |
| February | 102.78 | 93.51 | 2,061.45 | 29.94 |
| January-February | 101.24 | 91.97 | 2,027.59 | 30.44 |

¹Platts Metals Week North American Market price. Reflects the LME lead cash price plus the Platts premium for 99.97% lead.

Source: Platts Metals Week.

²Platts Metals Week assessment for used lead-acid automotive batteries (50% lead) picked up in U.S. Midwest, suitable for delivery to secondary smelters within 30 days.

 ${\it TABLE~4} \\ {\it CONSUMPTION~OF~PURCHASED~LEAD-BASE~SCRAP~IN~FEBRUARY~2019}^1$

(Metric tons, gross weight)

| | Stocks | | | Stocks |
|--|-------------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| | January 31, | Net | | February 28, |
| Item | 2019 | receipts | Consumption | 2019 |
| Battery-lead | 26,900 | 70,700 | 71,100 | 26,600 |
| Other ² | 13,900 | 15,200 | 15,100 | 14,000 |
| Total | 40,800 | 85,900 | 86,200 | 40,500 |
| Percent change from preceding month ³ | XX | -4.3 | -2.6 | -0.8 |

XX Not applicable.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes soft lead, solder, drosses and residues, common babbitt, antimonial lead, cable covering, type metals, and other lead-base scrap.

³Based on unrounded data; preceding monthly data may have been revised.

TABLE 5 LEAD, TIN, AND ANTIMONY RECOVERED FROM LEAD-BASE SCRAP IN FEBRUARY 2019¹

(Metric tons)

| | Secondary metal content | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----|----------|--|--|
| Product recovered | Lead | Tin | Antimony | | |
| Soft and calcium lead | 79,800 | | | | |
| Remelt lead | W | | | | |
| Antimonial lead | 14,200 | W | W | | |
| Other ² | W | W | | | |
| Total lead-base | 94,500 | 190 | W | | |

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}{\rm Data}$ are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes cable lead, lead-base babbitt, solder, type metals, and other products.

$\label{eq:table 6} \text{U.S. APPARENT CONSUMPTION OF LEAD}^1$

(Metric tons)

| Period | Production | Imports ^{2, 3} | Exports ^{2, 3} | Apparent consumption ⁴ |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2018: ^p | | · | • | • |
| February | 91,500 | 65,100 | 1,510 | 155,000 |
| March | 97,500 | 66,700 | 1,740 | 162,000 |
| April | 97,300 | 44,900 | 2,790 | 139,000 |
| May | 91,400 | 40,500 | 2,780 | 129,000 |
| June | 92,400 | 55,200 | 4,200 | 143,000 |
| July | 97,000 | 33,600 | 3,460 | 127,000 |
| August | 96,600 | 39,300 | 4,640 | 131,000 |
| September | 92,900 | 58,700 | 12,600 | 139,000 |
| October | 94,600 | 38,500 | 12,300 | 121,000 |
| November | 93,600 | 46,100 | 14,000 | 126,000 |
| December | 96,000 | 38,000 | 6,360 | 128,000 |
| January-December | 1,140,000 | 563,000 | 67,200 | 1,630,000 |
| 2019: | | | | |
| January | 94,100 | 54,000 | 9,490 | 139,000 |
| February | 94,500 | 37,200 | 1,380 | 130,000 |
| January–February | 189,000 | 91,200 | 10,900 | 269,000 |

^pPreliminary.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

 $^{^2}$ Import and export data are for Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) codes $7801.10.0000,\,7801.91.0000,\,7801.99.9030,\,7801.99.9050.$

³Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

 $^{^4\}mathrm{Smelter}$ production plus imports for consumption minus domestic exports.

 $\label{eq:table 7} \text{U.S. EXPORTS OF LEAD, BY CLASS}^1$

(Metric tons, gross weight, unless otherwise specified)

| | 201 | .8 ² | | 2019 | |
|--|------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | January– | January- | | | January- |
| | December | February | January | February | February |
| Ores and concentrate (lead content): | 251,000 | 26,000 | 16,300 | 10,000 | 26,300 |
| Bullion | 2,060 | 441 | 34 | | 34 |
| Unwrought: | | | | | |
| Refined lead | 49,300 | 128 | 8,260 | 161 | 8,420 |
| Refined lead containing antimony as the | 654 | 140 | | 29 | 29 |
| principal alloying element | | | | | |
| Lead alloys | 14,400 | 1,850 | 1,140 | 763 | 1,900 |
| Other | 2,850 | 149 | 90 | 430 | 520 |
| Total | 67,200 | 2,270 | 9,490 | 1,380 | 10,900 |
| Wrought: | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Bars, rods, profiles, and wire | 886 | 117 | 54 | 37 | 91 |
| Pipes and tubes, including fittings | 116 | 28 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Plates, sheets, strip, foil | 3,180 | 733 | 412 | 469 | 881 |
| Other | 1,780 | 152 | 68 | 56 | 124 |
| Total | 5,960 | 1,030 | 535 | 565 | 1,100 |
| Powders and flakes | 372 | 38 | 44 | 51 | 95 |
| Tetraethyl lead and tetramethyl lead | 502 | 69 | 81 | 28 | 109 |
| Waste and scrap: | | | | | |
| Spent lead-acid storage batteries for starting | 26,800,000 | 4,420,000 | 2,430,000 | 2,370,000 | 4,800,000 |
| engines (units) | | | | | |
| Lead waste and scrap obtained from lead-acid | 9,200 | 2,130 | | | |
| storage batteries | | | | | |
| Other lead waste and scrap | 39,700 | 6,600 | 2,900 | 4,050 | 6,950 |

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Data are rounded to more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²May include revisions to previously published data.

TABLE 8 U.S. EXPORTS OF LEAD ORES AND CONCENTRATES, BY COUNTRY $^{\rm l}$

(Metric tons, lead content)

| | 201 | 18 ² | | 2019 | |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------|---------|----------|----------|
| | January- | January- | | | January- |
| | December | February | January | February | February |
| Australia | 7,310 | | | | |
| Canada | 51,200 | 3,070 | 929 | 1,240 | 2,170 |
| China | 73,600 | 10,800 | | 3,760 | 3,760 |
| Dominican Republic | | | | 11 | 11 |
| Germany | 15,100 | | | | |
| Italy | 7,170 | 7,170 | 7,360 | | 7,360 |
| Japan | 19,100 | | | | |
| Korea, Republic of | 48,700 | 1,290 | | 1,090 | 1,090 |
| Mexico | 19,100 | 103 | 8,010 | 35 | 8,050 |
| Netherlands | 7,100 | 3,570 | | 3,900 | 3,900 |
| Saudi Arabia | 27 | 27 | | | |
| Thailand | 2,520 | | | | |
| Total | 251,000 | 26,000 | 16,300 | 10,000 | 26,300 |
| 7 | | | | | |

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown. ²May include revisions to previously published data.

TABLE 9 U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF LEAD, BY ${\rm CLASS}^1$

(Metric tons, gross weight, unless otherwise specified)

| | 201 | 18^2 | 2019 | | |
|--|-----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| | January- | January- | - | | January- |
| | December | February | January | February | February |
| Ores and concentrate (lead content): | | | | | |
| Bullion (lead content) | 789 | | | 75 | 75 |
| Unwrought: | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Refined lead | 448,000 | 83,100 | 45,200 | 29,700 | 74,900 |
| Refined lead containing antimony as the | 45,200 | 7,100 | 2,720 | 1,910 | 4,640 |
| principal alloying element (lead content) | | | | | |
| Lead alloys (lead content) | 18,600 | 2,290 | 1,920 | 1,370 | 3,300 |
| Other (lead content) | 50,800 | 8,850 | 4,150 | 4,230 | 8,380 |
| Total | 563,000 | 101,000 | 54,000 | 37,200 | 91,200 |
| Wrought: | | | | | |
| Bars, rods, profiles, and wire | 1,020 | 142 | 152 | 86 | 238 |
| Pipes and tubes, including fittings | | (3) | 2 | 25 | 27 |
| Plates, sheets, strip, foil | 1,740 | 263 | 131 | 104 | 235 |
| Other | 4,110 | 833 | 263 | 319 | 581 |
| Total | 6,900 | 1,240 | 547 | 533 | 1,080 |
| Powders and flakes | 203 | 17 | 2 | 19 | 21 |
| Tetraethyl lead and tetramethyl lead | 759 | 150 | 1 | 12 | 13 |
| Waste and scrap: | | | | | |
| Spent lead-acid storage batteries for starting | 1,050,000 | 113,000 | 27,600 | 55,700 | 83,300 |
| engines (units) | | | | | |
| Lead waste and scrap obtained from lead-acid | 1,660 | 270 | 137 | 178 | 315 |
| storage batteries (lead content) | | | | | |
| Other lead waste and scrap (lead content) | 2,450 | 350 | 88 | 120 | 208 |

¹Data are rounded to more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²May include revisions to previously published data. ³Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 10 $\mbox{U.s. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF UNWROUGHT LEAD BY } \\ \mbox{COUNTRY OR LOCALITY}^1$

(Metric tons, lead content)

| | 2018 ² | | | 2019 | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| Material and | January- | January- | | | January- |
| country or locality of origin | December | February | January | February | February |
| Refined lead: | | | | | |
| Argentina | 6,050 | 1,070 | 330 | 402 | 732 |
| Australia | 2,780 | | | | |
| Brazil | 15,500 | 3,630 | 401 | 400 | 801 |
| Burma | 100 | | | | |
| Canada | 148,000 | 24,600 | 13,800 | 13,400 | 27,300 |
| Chile | 100 | | | | |
| Colombia | 491 | 291 | | | |
| Dominican Republic | 250 | 25 | 25 | | 25 |
| Ecuador | 10,900 | 1,890 | 1,050 | 1,830 | 2,880 |
| Germany | | | | 50 | 50 |
| Honduras | 199 | 199 | | | |
| India | 23,200 | 6,180 | 99 | | 99 |
| Israel | 1,820 | 664 | 458 | 97 | 555 |
| Kazakhstan | 5,130 | | | | |
| Korea, Republic of | 106,000 | 24,000 | 18,800 | 3,990 | 22,800 |
| Mexico | 107,000 | 15,100 | 9,640 | 8,910 | 18,500 |
| Nigeria | 47 | | | | |
| Panama | 125 | | | | |
| Peru | 3,350 | 800 | | 400 | 400 |
| Russia | 6,460 | 769 | | | |
| South Africa | 174 | 174 | 20 | | 20 |
| Sri Lanka | 625 | 300 | | | |
| Thailand | 7,500 | 2,030 | 445 | 199 | 643 |
| United Kingdom | 485 | 95 | | | |
| Venezuela | 2,460 | 1,270 | 25 | | 25 |
| Total | 449,000 | 83,100 | 45,100 | 29,700 | 74,800 |
| Other unwrought lead: ³ | | | | | |
| Argentina | 1,920 | 612 | | 296 | 296 |
| Canada | 93,100 | 14,700 | 7,990 | 6,890 | 14,900 |
| Chile | 1,780 | 587 | | | |
| Columbia | 1,040 | | | | |
| Costa Rica | 4,470 | 512 | 19 | | 19 |
| Ecuador | 125 | | 66 | | 66 |
| Honduras | 2,490 | 1,170 | | | |
| India | 93 | | 18 | 35 | 54 |
| Mexico | 8,150 | 116 | 678 | 264 | 942 |
| Panama | 199 | 199 | | | |
| Peru | 50 | 50 | | | |
| Russia | 209 | | | | |
| South Africa | 95 | | | | |
| Venezuela | 885 | 344 | 27 | 27 | 54 |
| Total | 115,000 | 18,200 | 8,800 | 7,510 | 16,300 |
| Grand total | 563,000 | 101,000 | 54,000 | 37,200 | 91,200 |
| 7ero | | | | | |

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²May include revisions to previously published data.

³Includes the lead content (Quantity 2) of Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) codes 7801.91.0000, 7801.99.9030, 7801.99.9050. Excludes bullion.

TABLE 11 LONDON METAL EXCHANGE (LME) STOCKS OF LEAD, END OF PERIOD

(Metric tons)

| Period | United States | Asia | Europe | Total |
|-----------|---------------|--------|--------|---------|
| 2018: | | | | |
| February | | 44,400 | 80,900 | 125,000 |
| March | | 42,500 | 86,600 | 129,000 |
| April | | 42,100 | 88,700 | 131,000 |
| May | | 41,500 | 92,000 | 133,000 |
| June | | 40,100 | 91,500 | 132,000 |
| July | | 35,000 | 92,000 | 127,000 |
| August | | 33,600 | 89,300 | 123,000 |
| September | | 27,200 | 88,500 | 116,000 |
| October | | 23,600 | 90,000 | 114,000 |
| November | | 21,100 | 84,100 | 105,000 |
| December | | 20,700 | 86,700 | 107,000 |
| 2019: | | | | |
| January | | 19,300 | 53,200 | 72,500 |
| February | | 22,600 | 54,300 | 76,900 |
| Zero. | | | | |

Source: London Metal Exchange, Ltd.